Data as a gold mine: the best route to profitability

From KPIs and business analytics to artificial intelligence.





# Get started with data for a healthy logistics company.

After the financial crisis in 2008, things are going well. The demand for logistics services and turnover is increasing. Some are even talking about the largest revenue growth in 7 years. Nevertheless, there is a small side note, because, despite all the positive things, the return is lacking behind. In 2018 it turned out that 27% of the transportation companies made no profit and 10% even lose money. How comes? Well, it turns out, logistics service providers sometimes do not know whether an order is profitable or loss-making. However, implementing a price increase does not immediately offer the desired effect. Because how do you know exactly where you are missing out on sales?

### The reason why logistics is the ideal industry to take advantage of the power of data

The logistics sector is originally a data driven industry. Every analysis, decision and planning is made based on previously recorded data. For a long time, the idea prevailed that the amount of recorded data was inherently related to the competitive position of a company. This resulted in huge data warehouses and endless databases. This data has been built up in all those years and is recorded in a structured way. However, practice shows that at least as much data can be found in an unstructured form.

Until recently, there was no way to make this (unstructured) data suitable for analysis. With the exception of a few data miners that could at most extract analyzes from which only a reactive response was possible. In other words: based on historical data, it was possible to identify where the ship was heading in the wrong direction.

In the era of business analytics and Al you can use this data to not only respond responsively but even pro-actively and predictively. For example, processes can be started up fully automatically instead of manually and offering service is not standardized but personalized.

#### DATA HAS A BETTER IDEA.

Loading degree 73,56%



### Insight into the costs and revenues per trip

A thorough analysis can greatly improve your understanding of the current status of your company and its profitability. It can give you insight into the financial bleeders and at the same time, it also helps you to better demonstrate your costs. Allowing you to strengthen your hand at the negotiating table with customers. More and more companies are therefore looking into the opportunities on how to gain insight into the costs and revenues per trip. That is an obvious question in itself, but the challenge with this question is how do you allocate the revenue of an order to a trip? Which methodology would be the best option to retrieve this information? And is there already a structure available in order to do so? The same question applies when looking at costs. Because how are the costs of a trip - from a truck, trailer, driver and/or charter - assigned to an order? In order to gain insight into the revenue per order and/or the costs per trip.

#### Dividing revenues

To be able to divide the revenues from the order to the trip, there are three best practices:

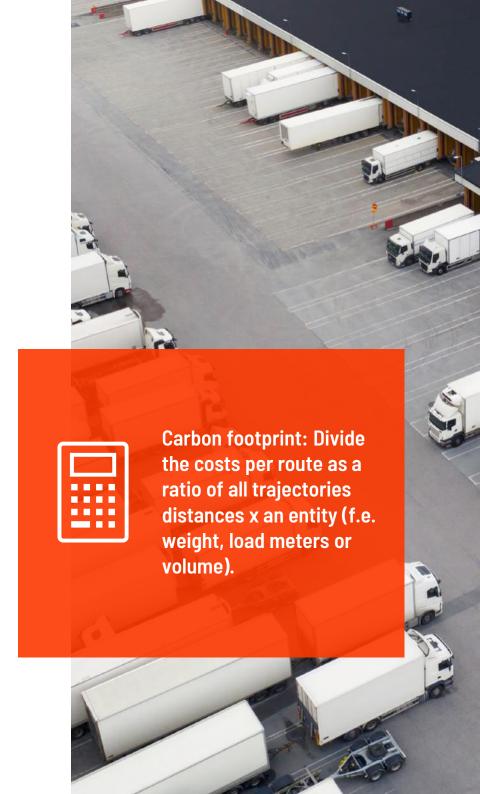
- (un)loading section: The revenues are allocated to the loading/unloading address.
- Equally per section: The revenues are evenly split per route, regardless of the distance.
- By section distance: The revenues are dived pro rata to the kilometers traveled.

#### **Dividing costs**

In order to be able to divide the costs over the underlying orders, the Carbon Footprint can be used. You can use kilometers and a custom defined entity for this. For example, loading meter or volume. You calculate the kilometers from or to the depot for each trip, multiplied by the entity that you have specified. The total of all trajectories in a trip gives a ratio which can be used for the allocation. The advantage is that this results in the purest possible calculation.

### The calculation moments during the process

Often there are different calculation moments during the process. For example, the moment when you receive an order. In other words, the precalculation that you make; you have a cost and revenue pattern in mind with which you expect to make a certain margin on an order. But it is possible that halfway through the process - for example after you have planned the order and you have received the costs of the charter - that the mid-term calculation differs from what you previously estimated with the pre-calculation. And you also have to deal with the actual costs. What are the final costs and revenues once you have completed the trip?



## The most common KPIs for transport

#### Performance per truck

What are the average costs and revenues per truck? And what are the costs per trip? By mapping these variables, you can easily calculate the performance per truck. Performance per driver What is the number of kilometers per driver per hour compared to the standard time? Or what is the number of loading/unloading per driver? By measuring productivity, you know exactly how many trips and deliveries you can process with the current occupation. As a result, the number of required resources can also be better aligned with the actual workload.

#### Occupancy rate

per truck More euro pallets can be stored in the loading space of a trailer than block pallets. In most cases, therefore, loading meters are used. As soon as it is known how much space is available, it is possible to calculate how many pallets fit.

#### Turnover per area

When you handle the transportation activities for clients in different regions, it may be interesting to calculate what the revenue per area is. By comparing the performance of different areas, you quickly get the required insight into where the most beneficial opportunities lie for your company.

"When considering ROI on implementing technology, don't only look at the investment as cost and recovery of cost, but think of how this creates value for your customers, how you improve the productivity of your employees, what impact does it have on your culture and public image, will embracing technology give an advantage over competitors, and so on."

Clarcke, 2018

#### Margin per route

It goes without saying that the number of kilometers required for deliveries in, for example, the inner city of London differs from a trip Berlin - Glasgow. Depending on the tariff agreements, you can compare the costs and revenues per route to calculate the turnover.

#### Margin per service

Which services have been invoiced and what costs have been incurred in doing so. With the help of data, you can calculate the margin per service and provide insight into the trend over a period.

#### **Financial**

What are the opportunities in terms of turnover and what are the financial bleeders? By linking budgets to activities and hours, revenue can easily be measured per activity, period, driver, trailer, truck and/or customer. For example, it is possible to create an overview of your top 5 customers or the average turnover per tractor is.

# The next step: data as a driver, Al for predictive power.

The desire to put data at the heart of organizations is growing day by day. Central databases - the so-called "control tower" - enables everyone in an organization to have access to a single source of truth, making correct analyzes possible again. Measurement brings knowledge, and it enables you to make informed decisions. Business Analytics is being used more and more by logistics service providers to gain better insight into how things work within their organization. In the coming years, however, the focus will be increasingly on Artificial Intelligence (AI).

#### What is Artificial Intelligence?

Let's start at the beginning. What is Artificial Intelligence? Until now, scientists have been unable to precisely define the concept of 'intelligence', so defining the artificial variant is not conclusive either. But we are going to try it anyway. Basically, Al applies to devices or systems that proactively and predictably deal with data and impulses from their environment. Based on this input, they then take decisions themselves. Within the world of Al, six different forms are currently distinguished:

- 1. Machine learning, deep learning and neural networks
- Natural Language Processing (NLP), speech recognition, converting from speech to text;
- 3. Computer vision (recognition of images, interpretation and conversion into analysis and action)
- Machine reasoning (making policy and making decisions based on learning algorithms)

- Business Analytics and Data Science (processing structured and unstructured data)
- 6. Robots and sensors

#### Data analysis & AI, what is the difference?

The difference between data analysis and Al is in the predictive power of the latter. Based on the past and registered trends, the system is smart enough to alert you to points of concerns. Is the occupancy rate of your fleet at the maximum, while last year around the same period a large number of orders were suddenly submitted? Then the system gives you a warning allowing you to take immediate action.

#### **Artificial Intelligence within logistics**

Many people see Artificial Intelligence as a threat, where it will completely replace their truck drivers, for example. Although this is a possibility in the distant future, it is more likely in the short term that Al can, for example, help you in the area of customer satisfaction through more customer-specific approaches. Or planning your transport movements more efficiently thanks to realtime processing information from different sources. The possibilities are applicable to every logistics sub-area and that makes Al so interesting and far-reaching.

#### Al: the most promising development

Many aspects show that now is the moment for logistic companies to get aboard. Never before Al was as mature, reliable and affordable as it is today. Without you realizing it, Artificial Intelligence is omnipresent. For example, it determines the life of the battery of your smartphone by predicting which apps you are going to use today. Or how about the video games your children play? The computer-controlled opponents act based on Al, by anticipating the behavior of the human opponent. Not to mention self-driving cars, personal advertisements by retailers and 'smart' thermostats. In short: Al is everywhere.

#### The logistics branch is ready for Al

So the technology can be found in many places. But (still) little in logistics. While the logistics sector is originally a data driven industry. Every analysis, decision and planning is made based on previously recorded data. For a long time, the idea prevailed that the amount of recorded data was inherently related to the competitive position of a company. This resulted in huge data warehouses and endless databases. This data has been built up in all those years and (if done correctly) is recorded in a structured way. However, practice tells us that at least as much data can be found in an unstructured form.

Until recently, there was no way to make this data suitable for analysis. But tools like Power BI did offer the possibility to gain insight in the most relevant KPIs. Enabling you to make the right decisions in notime and respond effectively.

In the AI era, logistics service providers can exploit this data even better. In addition to acting responsively, proactive and predictive acting is applicable. Processes can be started fully automatically, and services are not standardized but (on a large scale) personalized. Consider, for example, personal advertisements from large retailers as Amazon: by mass collecting data, the service is improved on a personal level by means of data and algorithms.

And that's just the beginning. There are plenty of opportunities for logistics service providers with which they can tailor their services even better to customer needs and get a better grip on their revenue model.

#### A head start with Al

For you as a logistics company, it is currently important to investigate in which areas AI might be relevant and where you can achieve quick wins. At Boltrics we do this in consultation and collaboration with our customers. Where they can indicate in which fields or directions, they see the most potential for AI.

Of course, we also keep a close eye on developments in the field of Al. For your organization, our own and most of all driven by personal interest. In doing so, we are provided with up-to-date information from

Microsoft, where people are constantly looking for new application possibilities of Al. Next, we will look for ways to offer cutting edge technology to maintain the lead in this efficiency driven market.

We understand very well that it is a considerable task for logistics companies to switch from a reactive analytical attitude to an Al driven proactive and predictive attitude. That is why we keep an eye on developments for you and in the coming period we will also go for an industry-wide, future-proof solution in which we learn from the current business with the use of future technologies. That is what we stand for and we do so with full conviction.

#### Do you have a question or ideas?

Are you curious about the potential use of Artificial Intelligence? Or are you already buzzing with ideas and have ready-made requests concerning AI? We would love to hear them, so do not hesitate to contact us.



#### Your partner for success

Boltrics is an expert in logistics with a proven track record. We help small and large logistics service providers to transform their processes with the right (software) tools. We are specialized in 3PL and cold store logistics and are ready to help you take the next step towards success. We unburden you during the implementation, upgrades, and maintenance of your solution – without any hassle. So that you can concentrate on what is most important to your company.





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- Discover the possibilities for your company and request a demo



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